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# Janet Kuypers

"Periodic Table of Poetry" live Chicago reading 20121121 2012 cc&d chapbook, Scars Publications



Einstein understood that everything was relative...

Why did he have to worry about brushing his hair or changing out of his pajamas when he was busy grappling with the foundations of phyics?

And once he fathomed the relationship between matter and energy, once he understood the interconnectivity between matter and energy —

he suddenly understood, after this Jewish physicist left his home in Germany, that Hitler and the Third Reich could be working on an atomic bomb, converting so little matter into so much devastating energy.

At this time, he understood the need for Roosevelt to create this weapon so the Germans wouldn't destroy us.

The gravity of this discovery in the hands of evil men weighed him down, and even months before he died, Einstein wrote that although the devastation in Hiroshima and Nagasaki seemed unfathomably horrific and he regretted writing that letter to Roosevelt, his justification was the threat of Germany. When he wrote that letter, he still had to appeal to Roosevelt, that yes, to save us from Germany, this weapon needed to be created.

Knowing about his torment in making this decision to *ask* for the creation of the atomic bomb, makes it so ironically beautiful that after scientists discovered an element after the first explosion of the hydrogen bomb, they named the element Einsteinium after the physicist.

How ironically beautiful.

Einsteinium is a silvery-white, radioactive, synthetic element with a high *fission* rate, like the atomic bombs
Einstein first knew of when fearing his homeland enemy. But because of the short half-life of all isotopes of Einsteinium, all primordial Einsteinium has decayed by now, and beyond it's nuclear creation, there is almost no use for any isotope of Einsteinium outside of basic scientific research...

Which makes me think of the life of Albert Einstein, I suppose, for although Einstein worked at odd jobs for years until he was a patent examiner, his mind was only good at one thing: doing not-so-basic scientific research, solving scientific fundamental puzzles, if only he had the time to study the puzzle long enough.



Because the planet Neptune was recently discovered, Winkler in the late 1800s decided to name the element he discovered "Neptunium," but another element already tried to lay claim to that name (and still a different element got the name "Neptunium")...
So Winkler decided to name his newfound element Germanium, from Latin Germania, in honor of his homeland.

Germania is known for its high refraction (along with its low optical dispersion), making it perfect for things like wide-angle camera lenses, but is also used for microscopy and the core part of optical fibers. And yeah, I could go on about silicon-Germanium alloys used for semiconductors in new circuitry, fiber optics, infrared optics, electronics, metallurgy and chemotherapy, but when I heard chemotherapy I started looking into it, because when it comes to chemotherapy, Germanium's role in cancer treatments has been widely debated the American Cancer Society found no evidence that Germanium helps fight cancer, and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration found that when Germanium was a nutritional supplement, Germanium even actually "presents potential human health hazard".

And I'm sorry, when I hear "Germanium", I think "Germania", and I know that Germania was the Greek and Roman geographic term for the region, but it still makes me think of the "World Capital Germania", with Adolf Hitler's vision for the future of Germany, with the projected renewal of the German capital Berlin during the Nazi reign. And Albert Speer, the "first architect of the Third Reich" (and probably the *only* architect) produced many of the plans for the rebuilt city, but only a fraction was realized. The Berlin Olympic Stadium for the 1936 Summer Olympics was built. Speer also designed a new Chancellery, with a hall twice as long as the Hall of Mirrors in the Palace of Versailles, but the second Chancellery was destroyed by the Soviet army in 1945, and almost no other buildings planned for Berlin (and Hitler's "Germania") were ever built.

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Some compounds of Germanium are highly reactive and very dangerous to humans even on exposure. I mean, Germanium had similarities with the elements arsenic (used for chemical weapons) and antimony (another toxic chemical element), so maybe it makes sense that I can't help but equate it with Hitler's plans that followed mass genocide. So I have to keep reminding myself of the uses for Germanium in electronics, and remind myself that the most notable physical characteristics of Germania make it perfect for optics, and things like wide-angle camera lenses (which the photographer in me can't help but love). Because although Germanium can have some very bad connections, it can also do things to help us out so much in our lives as well.



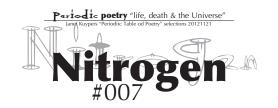
When I heard there was an element called Americium, I thought, what scientist felt possessed to name an element after the United States of America? I mean, was it discovered during a war effort when everyone rallied with national spirit? Was it a World War Two effort against the element Germanium named after Germania (even though that element was not named for Hitler's desire to create the perfect thousand year empire)? I can't believe the decision to name an element Americium was based on the boo-rah mentality, go fight win, U.S.A., U.S.A.... I mean, is the actual element somehow explicitly related to America?

Okay, fine, I will look on line for information. Let me first check dictionary dot com before Google or Wikipedia for information about Americium... But before I scrolled down to the definition I saw the speaker icon, so I could hear the computer-generated voice say Americium for me... Oh, Ah-mer-EE-cee-um. Not Uh-MARE-ick-ee-um. Oops. But the definition says Americium is the products of high-energy helium bombardment of uranium and plutonium. Wow. I'm really going to have to research this, and maybe I can dispel the World War Two links I was apparently making up for this element.

Wait a minute, Americium was discovered in 1944, but the discovery was kept secret and only released to the public in November 1945. (Okay, this doesn't help my anti-Hitler case...)
Let's see... Americium was first identified at the University of California, Berkeley, and it was chemically identified in Argonne Lab at the University of Chicago. Okay, so it was discovered in America, but in the Periodic Table, Americium falls right next to it's twin lanthanide element europium; so thus by analogy, they named this element after another continent, America.

Hmmm, fun little story. But Americium was primarily used in nuclear tests conducted between 1945 and 1980, as well as at sites like the Chernobyl disaster. (Oh, so we go from Germany as our emeny to the Soviet Union as our enemy, because the enemy of your enemy is not necessarily your friend.) And elevated levels of Americium were also at the crash site of a US B-52 bomber which carried four hydrogen bombs in 1968 in Greenland.

But us Americans have to come up with more practical appplications for Americium than nuclear testing... And that's when I learnbed that the silvery-white element (which is soft and malleable, and tarnishes in the air) has isotopes that are used in smoke detectors. So an element that can help kill can also help save people's lives. Well, I guess in a way that sounds like America, too.



I'm afraid to answer the phone today.

Ever since he called me before
to tell me he has AIDS,

I've been afraid to answer my phone
to hear that his condition
has turned for the worse
or that he just died.

His t-cell count has been at zero
for over 2 months now.
He lost his job.

The last word was that he was waiting
for the chance for entrance into a study
where he may get a new set of medications.

And waiting is something he cannot do.

So I've looked at homeopathic options, but I sound like his mother telling him to eat fresh fruits and veggies. Don't eat raw seafood, or raw eggs. Cook your meat until it is well done to get the protein you so desperately need.

And I've looked at the chemical compounds in the drugs that are all too expensive, and I was surprised to see how many times I saw Nitrogen listed in these drug compounds.

Nitrogen. I've only heard of it as liquid nitrogen for super-cooling.

Dip a rose in liquid nitrogen

And drop it, so it shatters.

I've even heard of nitrogen capsule "widgets" to carbonate stouts, or that it's mixed with oxygen to make laughing gas.

Maybe I need nitrous oxide, because yesterday was the first day I hadn't cried. I might have been fine for a half hour, and then something would trigger it in my mind. I thought maybe I'm getting used to the news, but I just cried again.

On the phone, you said you can't let the thought of death kill you. And I was trying so hard To not just start sobbing on the phone.

You see, this is why I'm afraid to answer the phone now.

You were on the phone with me saying that you just have to get used to the fact that you're not going to grow old, or have a family. You said that some people feel like they are on death's door with a T-cell count of four hundred, and some people can run marathons with a T-cell count of zero. On the phone, you first told me yours was at eighty, and you felt fine. A little run-down, but that was to be expected. Then it dropped lower. And now I am afraid to answer my phone, to hear the next round of news.

So now I sit here and read about antiretroviral drugs you may or may not be able to take. Protease inhibitors. Integrase inhibitors. And I look at the chemical compounds of all these drugs, with hydrogen carbon, oxygen, occasionally fluorine or sulfur. And the surprisingly ever-present nitrogen. I stare at these compounds, wish I could put the elements together myself and give you what you need. Why did I have to learn about compounds in chemistry class if I couldn't make these compounds to help you live. Because now I just sit here and read, and fear my telephone ringing.



I have wanted all of them dead. There's no one else I can say this to, but I have had this overwhelming desire for I don't know how long to see them all suffer exorbitant pain as they all suffer to their last breath.

I've been researching ways to extract my vengeance and commit my final solution. It has to be something scientific, something methodical, something so complicated and convoluted that no one would ever suspect me.

There's no way I can get used uranium rods from the nuclear power plant I saw on my last road trip.

There's no way I'd get into Fermi Lab nearby, where they discovered the radioactive plutonium to get trace amounts of neptunium or plutonium, because spent or not, trace amounts of these radioactive elements could still be injected into their food, slipped into their hair spray, shot into their shampoo, and they'd never know what hit them.

### Periodic poetry "life, death & the Universe" Janet Kuypers "Periodiic Table od Poetry" selections 20121121

So after I scoured the radioactive elements in the periodic table that are used in nuclear weaponry, I glanced back toward the top of the table and saw Selenium.

Wait a minute,
I remember an episode of CSI where the actress who was a character on *Melrose Place* and was one of the women in *Desperate Housewives* conspired with anther woman, where one of them would marry a rich man, and would poison him with Selenium until they died, leaving the one with a hefty sum of money to share with her female conspirator.

Okay, time for some research... Selenium, when discovered, they noted the similarity of Selenium to the previously-known tellurium (named for the Earth), which is why it was named from Greek mythology Selene, an archaic lunar deity. Although Selenium is used today primarily in glassmaking and in pigments, it is also a semiconductor, with Selenium's unusual ability to conducting electricity. But the light went off when I read that Selenium salts are toxic in large amounts, but (here's the key) trace amounts are necessary in all animals... This reminded me of that CSI episode, where that red-headed actress worked with horses, which justified their need for Selenium in their lives.

Because although Selenium is an essential trace element, excess amounts can be toxic — more than four hundred micrograms per day can lead to selenosis.

Acute oral exposure to Selenium can lead to pulmonary edema and lung lesions; cardiovascular effects like tachycardia; gastrointestinal effects like nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and don't forget the severe abdominal pain...

Selenium ingestion can lead to cirrhosis of the liver and will cause aches, irritability, chills, and tremors.

You know, this element is really starting to look like the way to go for me.

Add it to their pizzas and garlic bread (since it leaves a garlic odor on the breath), and no one's the wiser.

And the things is, Selenium has an oxidant mode of action similar to that of arsenic, which, as I said, is exactly what I'm looking for.

Selenium poisoning of water systems has occurred in the past, possibly resulting whenever new agricultural runoff courses started, so it could be easy in get it into their drinks as well. So, now the question for me is how to get it, to place it into their food supply. I know some is needed. and people who have a Selenium deficiency, especially for patients with cancer or AIDS. And if it is needed for animals (I even read a case where animals were given the wrong injection levels of Selenium, causing mass horse deaths in a polo tournament), a quick Google search for purchasing Selenium will lead to many sites with "no prescription needed" to get exactly what I'm looking for. The last step is getting it without having it trace back to my name, because once I have it, I can get it into their food and drink with no problem. Because as I said, my overwhelming desire for I don't know how long to see them all suffer exorbitant and inextricable pain as they all suffer to their last breath may finally have that last key, because Selenium can make everything come together, and no one will be the wiser.



Argonne National Laboratory (the first U.S. science and engineering research national laboratory). was started because Enrico Fermi's Manhattan Project was to create the world's first self-sustaining nuclear reaction. They constructed "Chicago Pile-1", which achieved criticality (a sustained nuclear fission reaction) December second nineteen forty two, under the University of Chicago's Stagg football field stands. But since this experiment was too dangerous to conduct in a major city, it was moved to a spot nearby in Palos Hills, and named "Argonne" after the surrounding forest.

You know, when I was trying to learn about the element Argon, I was really hoping that Argonne Lab, so close to where I grew up, would have *something* to do with Argon (and not a nearby forest preserve)...

Now, the element Argon got its name from the Greek word meaning "lazy", but that's because Argon atomically is stable and resistant to bonding with other elements. And because Argon has about the same solubility in water as oxygen, Argon often displaces oxygen and moisture-containing air in packaging materials, to extend the shelf-lives of the contents. You know, other noble gas elements would probably work as well as Argon for this, but Argon is the cheapest (so I guess the cheap one wins).

Since Argon is colorless, odorless, and — this is the important one — does not satisfy the body's need for oxygen, Argon is therefore an asphyxiant. And since it's hard to detect, it's highly dangerous in closed areas.

But on the plus side, liquefied Argon is used in cryoablation to actually destroy cancer cells with Argon plasma beam electrosurgery.

And the thing is, Argon can also be used to create incandescent lights looking like blue neon (and you can just add a little mercury to make the light more electric blue).

I wonder if that blue light Argon can emit looks anything like what we see in the night sky, because the one tidbit about Argon that really got to me was that Argon is used (primarily in liquid form) as the target for direct Dark Matter searches. The interaction of a hypothetical WIMP (a "weakly interacting massive particle") with the Argon nucleus produces scintillation light, and Argon gas can detect the ionized electrons made during the WIMP-nucleus scattering.

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#### Janet Kuypers "Periodiic Table od Poetry" selections 20121121

Okay, okay, when I was playing cards once, we decided to place bets on what the winner of each hand would get. Since we didn't have any money and we on an astronomy kick, the first winning hand won the Moon, then the Earth, then more of the planets, then the Asteroid belt, the Kuiper Belt, the Ort Cloud, the Solar System, then the Milky Way Galaxy. We may have even bet on the Andromeda Galaxy, or constellations like Orion (even though the stars and the nebula in the constellation are nowhere near each other in the Universe)... Then my opponent suggested the winner of the next hand would have dominion over Dark Matter. Alright, they won that hand, but the winner of the next and final hand won the Universe, and since I won that hand, I wanted to say that I therefore ruled over the Dark Matter as well...

Now, you can't see Dark Matter directly; scientists believe that this hypothetical Dark Matter, which neither emits nor absorbs light or radiation, can take up to eighty-four percent of all of the matter in the Universe. Since Dark Matter can't be seen, scientists can only infer the existence of Dark Matter by its gravitational effects on other matter in the Universe.

And they assume the corresponding particle in Cold Dark Matter is a weakly interacting massive particle. A WIMP.

Now, this is all hypothetical, But think about it: if the Dark Matter within our galaxy is made of WIMPs, then thousands of WIMPs pass through every square centimeter of the Earth each second.

Kind of cool.

And if Argon is used to help detect these hypothetical WIMPs, that's kind of cool too...

Because this stable noble gas might be difficult for people trying to breathe in confined spaces when Argon can easily displace oxygen, but Argon can help remove cancer from our bodies, can light the way, and may even help us learn more about some of those undiscovered details in the Universe too.



As Christmas approaches,
I get my glass ornaments out
for decorating the tree,
and it reminds me
of how the element Barium
is used in glassmaking
to improve the luster,
which is perfect for these ornaments.

Because I always thought that Barium was used to coat fluorescent lamps, or add to fireworks to make them a vibrant green (not unlike a Christmas tree), or even as a contrast agent when taking X-rays, and yeah, Barium compounds can even halt the leaking of X-rays from CRT TV sets...

A mineral containing Barium is also a rare blue fluorescent gemstone, that's even the official state gem of California.

So I guess it *does* make sense that Barium could also improve the luster of glassware...

But when I looked for more information on Barium, that's when I read in the New York Daily News and the Daily Mail that a Tennessee woman was actually being poisoned by her doctor husband with Barium. This woman, living on Lookout Mountain, was suffering from a mysterious illness for months, until she found out that her physician husband had been poisoning her for five months by putting Barium in her morning coffee.

Wow, so I suppose having a little Barium in your system once or twice in your life for an X-ray won't do you in... The element Barium can add luster to glassware, or give an intense green in fireworks, coat fluorescent lamps, or stop X-rays from coming to you through your TV screen the element Barium can even help doctors see better in X-rays to help someone's life. But don't put it in your morning coffee every day, because if you give someone too much of what otherwise seems like a good thing, it can also be what kills you...



Every once in a while, in the middle of the night, I wake up in massive pain as one of my legs convulses, and it feels like my leg's in a vice grip as my muscles cramp at me defiantly until I attempt to stand to battle the pain, while I hold on to my bed frame, struggling until the pain ends.

And that's when he tells me "Leg cramps? You're low on Potassium. You should eat a banana every day." So if there are bananas in the house, I'll eat one the morning after one of those leg cramp episodes, because even though I'm a vegetarian, I'm really not that fond of bananas.

So then I have to remind myself, you need Potassium, and bananas are apparently high in Potassium.

But wait, I take a multi-vitamin daily, that has to have all the Potassium I should never need. So I read the label on my multi-vitamin jar, scan for Potassium, and see that it only has two percent of my USRDA...

Wait a minute... That doesn't make sense. So I look for Potassium supplement jars, And as a rule they don't exist. (At first glance on line Potassium Hydroxide is available after you fill out a hazmat waiver form, and besides, Potassium Hydroxide is used for livestock, and Potassium Chloride is an injectible for pets.) And *that's* when he tells me. "Oh, they don't sell supplements of just Potassium, because it's toxic if you take too much, So, since it's a a health risk they won't sell it." And all I could think was that if I took a ton of multi-vitamins, that would probably be toxic too... So then in frustration I looked to find the average amount of Potassium in a banana.

It was three percent.

Really? Three percent?

That's all I need to stop my leg from cramping at night?

Then why is the USRDA For Potassium so high?

And how bad for you can Potassium be that they won't put enough into multi-vitamins, and they won't even release it as a supplement?

Then while shopping, I looked at a flip-top sale can of Chef Boyardee at Kmart for a dollar.

The can was for whole grain lasagna.

I looked at the back label with the Nutrition Facts, and saw that it had ninety-eight milligrams of Potassium, which was twenty-eight percent

#### Janet Kuypers "Periodiic Table od Poetry" selections 20121121

So even though there is a ton of sugar and salt and fat in a can of Chef Boyardee, should I start shoveling down that pre-processed pasta instead of a banana when my leg cramps at night?

I mean, if I can find a surplus of Potassium in a pre-packaged can of Chef Boyardee Lasagna, maybe I should look for Potassium in other sales at the front of this local store....
So, let's see. Jolly Ranchers don't have Potassium.
Swedish Fish don't have Potassium.
Willie Wonka Nerds don't have Potassium.
Nestle Goobers don't have Potassium.
A can of Green Giant Sweet Peas doesn't have Potassium.
A bottle of Italian salad dressing doesn't have Potassium.
A bag of rigatoni noodles doesn't have Potassium.
And I really doubt I should be living off of cans of Chef Boyardee whole wheat pasta lasagna.
(Besides, I think I'd be too afraid to even eat lasagna from a *can*. Really.)

So I'm sorry, but I'm just trying to figure out why you need Potassium in your diet so much if I can't even find it easily in foods... And since they say bananas have Potassium, I looked into it: since Potassium is needed in all living cells, a depletion of Potassium in humans can also lead to cardiac problems. But from what I've found, Potassium is needed in plant production, because it's found in many vegetables as well as fruits (like bananas, I suppose). But the way we mass farm now in this global economy, it's even leading to a depletion of Potassium in the *soil*... And the thing is, Potassium is usually found ionized in salts, meaning that it's water solubility gives Potassium

#### Periodic poetry "lights on our insides" Janet Kuypers "Periodiic Table od Poetry" selections 20121121

many chemicals in it's ionized form... (Which I suppose is good for us humans, since we are over fifty percent water.) And this is the weird part: because Potassium is so water soluble, it is never actually found as the pure elemental Potassium. The English first called Potassium "Potash" (derived from an old Dutch word for the way it was extracted, after evaporating solution in a pot to leave traces of Potassium like ash), and was first primarily used in the production of glass, bleach or soaps (which seems totally fitting because of it's water solubility). Then a German researcher introduced Potassium into fertilizers, which is awesome for us humans who need Potassium for our cells, so Potassium could be in all of our plants and fruits, but now it seems due to our mass farming that Potassium fertilizers won't be enough, especially when in this modern age we usually opt for processed foods lacking Potassium instead of fresh fruits and vegetables.

And yeah, *because* of it's solubility with water, it *can* react with some of the elements like hydrogen (producing a *ton* of heat) or halogen (detonating with a bromide), or even have explosive reactions with sulphuric acid.

That just totally reminds me how Potassium, like so many elements we need in our lives, can also have terrible repercussions when mixed in just the right way with just a select few elements... Because if I can get Potassium into my body in just the right — and natural — way, maybe then I'll stop having muscle spasms at night, reminding me that I'm deficient in the element that all my cells so desperately need.



Grabbing the wrought Iron railing as I walked toward the kitchen, I first put away the Iron and Ironing board... But the television blaring from in the den stopped me in my tracks. As I walked, the Japanese TV voice asked "scusah" before the English translation started. Going to the den I saw him and asked, "Excuse me, scusah, Iron Chef is on?" 'Cause although those shows are insanely old, it's fun to watch the Japanese food show for vegetarian meal ideas. "Yeah, got any ideas for dinner?" he responded, and I walked to the stainless steel fridge to look at our food for ideas, and saw his Iron skillets cleaned on the stove above the stainless steel oven. Then I glanced at the stainless steel dish washer and the stainless steel bowls on the counter. Knowing that Iron forms stainless steel, I thought of all of the iron in our home: Makes sense, since Iron is so abundant on this planet, from it's outer crust to the Earth's rocky core. Even reactions of high-mass stars produced Iron, making it such a vital part of this planet. So it makes sense I'd see it everywhere in my own home, from my furniture to my appliances... From lighting to lanterns, from tables to chairs to even our wall clock. It's in the fireplace grating, and it's even in the abstract wall art. Hmmm, and how extensive is my Iron candle holder collection... A few of those older candle holders even have rust, because the Iron oxidized.

#### Periodic poetry "lights on our insides"

The Iron Age brought historical advances in everything from weaponry to introducing curvilinear and flowing decoration designs. Iron is so abundant on this planet, and since Iron is even so needed inside the human body, I've even been taking Iron supplements to make sure I never run low.

And from the micro to the macro, since I love astronomy so: with high-mass stars producing Iron, scientists even believe that because of the existence of Iron in the formation of our solar system, an Iron isotope energy release may have led to the differentiation of asteroids after their formation four point six billion years ago.

So from the creation of our solar system to the insides of our bodies, it makes sense why we humans have such an Iron will, with such a metallic element coursing through our veins. I finally walked back to the den with a few pumpkin seeds to snack on. "We can have a spinach salad, but I started cooking lentils for beans. If you want to use the steel wok, Let's cook Tempeh and add artichokes, unless you want to use broccoli." Since I had Iron on my mind, I had to pick the most iron-rich foods we had, before I added, "And what spices are they using on Iron Chef? We can come up with a really good meal tonight if we play our cards right..."

Periodic poetry



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